## BAMPHI (Backward-accurate Action of Matrix PHI-functions)

**Franco Zivcovich** (Sorbonne Université), Marco Caliari, Fabio Cassini R 3.07 Mon Z1 15:15-15:40

The time integration of stiff systems of differential equations as

$$u'(t) = F(t, u(t)), \quad u(0) = u_0,$$

constitutes a heated topic in numerical analysis. In particular, exponential integrators drew a great deal of attention. In fact, similarly to implicit methods, these methods show good stability properties, allowing integration with large time steps. Each exponential integration step of length  $\tau$  (out of hundreds, thousands or even millions steps) consists of the same operation: let **A** be the linear part of F(t, u(t)) (or, say, its Jacobian), one shall compute

$$u^{n+1} := \varphi_0( heta_0 au \mathbf{A}) v_0 + \varphi_1( heta_1 au \mathbf{A}) v_1 + \ldots + \varphi_p( heta_p au \mathbf{A}) v_p,$$

where  $\theta_0, \theta_1, \ldots, \theta_p$  are fixed scalars,

$$\varphi_{\ell}(x) := \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^j}{(j+\ell)!}, \quad \ell = 0, 1, \dots, p$$

and the vectors  $v_0, v_1, \ldots, v_p \in \mathbb{C}^N$  are obtained, in a recursive fashion, as functions of linear combinations of  $\varphi$ -functions applied to vectors connected to the current state of the system  $u^n$ .

The authors exploited this peculiarity of exponential integrators and recent advancements in numerical analysis to build a routine for computing the action of the matrix  $\varphi$ -functions arising in the exponential integration steps, called **bamphi**, able to recycle the information gathered through the exponential integration steps and to reach high levels of speed and accuracy. In this presentation, we outline some of **bamphi**'s main features and ideas.